**Konverzace v anglickém jazyce AK81, AK84**

Milí studenti, posílám vám práci na nadcházejících 14 dnů.

Dle naší domluvy dokončete prosím přípravu

Maturitní otázky **č. 24 Survey of American literature and my favourite author**., dle již předběžně sestavené osnovy

* Počátky americké literatury, historické souvislosti a druhy vznikajících textů
* Literatura 19.st., 5 autorů
* Literatura 20.st., 10 autorů
* Ernest Hemingway
* Autoři z mé vlastní četby a jejich dílo

Zbývá nám téma **č. 25 British, Czech and American political systems**

Studijní texty následují, pokud nebudeme mít příležitost práci spolu dokončit, jsou určeny k samostudiu.

**Political system of the Czech Republic**

The Czech Republic is a multi- party parliamentary representative democratic republic. According to the Czech constitution, the President is the head of state while the Prime Minister is the head of government. The legislature is bicameral.

The Parliament consists of the Chamber of Deputies (Poslanecká sněmovna) and the Senate.

The Chamber of Deputies has 200 members elected for a four- year term by proportional representation with a 5% election treshold. There are 14 voting districts identical to the country´s administrative regions.

The Senate has 81 members in single- seat constituencies elected by two- round runoff voting for a six- year term, with one third renewed every even year in the autumn.

The most influential political parties at the moment are Political Movement ANO (Association of dissatisfied citizens), ČSSD /Czech Social Democratic Party, KSČM /Communist Party of Bohemia and Moravia, SPD (Freedom and direct democracy). The opposition is made of right- wing parties – ODS / Civic Democratic Party, Pirate Party, TOP 09 (Tradition, responsibility, prosperity), STAN/ The Mayors and Independents and KDU-ČSL /Christian and Democratic Union- Czechoslovak People´s Party ( often called populars, lidovci).

The President of the Czech Republic is elected for five-year term with no more than two consecutive, in March 2013 for the first time elected in direct election. The President is a formal head of state with limited specific powers, most importantly to return laws to the Parliament, nominate Contitutional Court judges for Senate´s approval and dissolve the Chamber of Deputies under special and rare conditions. He also appoints the Prime Minister as well as the other members of the cabinet on a proposal by the Prime Minister.

**Political system of the UK**

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parliament_of_the_United_Kingdom> , prvních 5 odstavců, přehled rozložení politických sil vpravo v tabulce

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The broken union Brexit

Political system of the USA

scan níže

Myslím, že jsou tyto dny nakonec příležitost vytvořit si systém práce, který se vám v dalších letech jistě vyplatí. Pokuste se mít rozvrh a dodržet ho, rozložit si práci a udělat ji tak důkladně jak to umíte.

Buďte na sebe opatrní a oporou svému okolí. Nebude to snadné pro nikoho. Držte se, Vaše ML